

Cyan White Tree

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: 2 seconds
Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

Given a tree with n vertices, each vertex is colored either cyan or white. For a simple path in the tree, let c be the number of cyan vertices and w be the number of white vertices in the path. The value of the path is $(c + w) - 2 \times |c - w|$, where $|c - w|$ is the absolute value of $(c - w)$.

Define the depth of a vertex u to be the number of edges on the shortest path from vertex 1 to vertex u . Define the key vertex of a simple path to be the vertex with minimum depth among all vertices in the path. It can be proven that the key vertex for a simple path is unique.

For each $1 \leq i \leq n$, calculate the maximum value among all simple paths whose key vertex is i .

Recall that a path in the tree is a nonempty sequence of vertices p_1, p_2, \dots, p_k such that each pair of adjacent vertices in this sequence is connected by an edge. A simple path is a path where all vertices in it are distinct. A single vertex can also form a simple path.

Input

There are multiple test cases. The first line of the input contains an integer T ($1 \leq T \leq 10^5$) indicating the number of test cases. For each test case:

The first line contains an integer n ($2 \leq n \leq 4 \times 10^5$) indicating the number of vertices.

The second line contains a 01-string of length n , indicating the color of each vertex. If the i -th character is '0', the i -th vertex is colored cyan; otherwise, the i -th vertex is colored white.

For the following $(n - 1)$ lines, the i -th line contains two integers u_i and v_i ($1 \leq u_i, v_i \leq n$), indicating an edge connecting vertices u_i and v_i . It's guaranteed that the given edges form a tree.

It is guaranteed that the sum of n of all test cases does not exceed 4×10^5 .

Output

For each test case output n lines, each containing one integer. The i -th line is the maximum value among all simple paths whose key vertex is i .

Example

standard input	standard output
3	6
8	-1
00101110	3
1 2	-1
1 3	1
3 4	-1
3 5	2
5 6	-1
5 7	2
7 8	-1
2	-1
01	-1
1 2	
2	
00	
1 2	