

# 01 Matrix

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:           **standard output**  
Time limit:            2 seconds  
Memory limit:         1024 megabytes

There are  $2^{NM}$  matrices  $A = (A_{i,j})$  ( $1 \leq i \leq N$ ,  $1 \leq j \leq M$ ) of size  $N$  rows and  $M$  columns consisting only of 0 and 1. Among them, find the number of matrices that satisfy the following condition, and output the result modulo 998244353.

- For all  $k = 1, 2, \dots, K$ , both of the following hold:

$$- \sum_{i=1}^{x_k} \sum_{j=1}^{y_k} A_{i,j} \text{ is odd.}$$

$$- \sum_{i=x_k+1}^N \sum_{j=y_k+1}^M A_{i,j} \text{ is odd.}$$

## Input

The input is given in the following format:

```
 $N$   $M$   
 $K$   
 $x_1$   $y_1$   
 $x_2$   $y_2$   
 $\vdots$   
 $x_K$   $y_K$ 
```

- $2 \leq N, M \leq 10^9$
- $1 \leq K \leq 3 \times 10^5$
- $1 \leq x_i < N$  ( $1 \leq i \leq K$ )
- $1 \leq y_i < M$  ( $1 \leq i \leq K$ )
- $(x_i, y_i) \neq (x_j, y_j)$  ( $i \neq j$ )
- All input values are integers.

## Output

Print the answer.

## Examples

standard input	standard output
3 4 2 2 2 1 3	256
76 38 4 7 6 3 8 20 26 3 28	361562686

## Note

For the first sample input, the matrix above the figure satisfies the condition. However, the matrix below does not satisfy the condition because  $\sum_{i=1}^{x_1} \sum_{j=1}^{y_1} A_{i,j}$  is even.

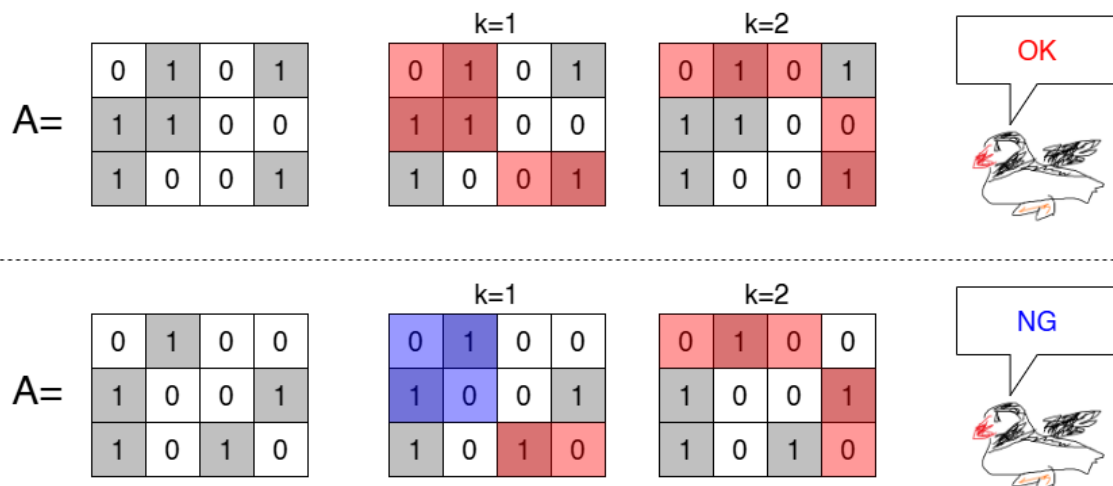


Рис. 1: Explanation for the first example.

For the second example, do not forget to output the answer modulo 998244353.