

Problem B. Bitwise Exclusive-OR Sequence

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: 1 second
Memory limit: 512 megabytes

AAA has a **nonnegative integer** sequence a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n with m constraints, each of which is described as $a_u \oplus a_v = w$, where \oplus denotes the bitwise exclusive-OR operation.

More precisely, the bitwise exclusive-OR operation is a binary operation which is equivalent to applying logical exclusive-OR to every pair of bits located on the same positions in binary notation of operands. In other words, a binary digit of the result is equal to 1 if and only if bits on the respective positions in the operands are different. For example, if $X = 109_{10} = 1101101_2$ and $Y = 41_{10} = 101001_2$, then $X \oplus Y = 1000100_2 = 68_{10}$.

Now AAA wants to find out the minimum sum of all the elements in the sequence, or determine that the sequence meets all the constraints does not exist.

Input

The first line contains two integers n ($1 \leq n \leq 10^5$) and m ($0 \leq m \leq 2 \times 10^5$), denoting the length of sequence and the number of conditions.

The follow m lines, each of which contains three integers u, v ($1 \leq u, v \leq n$) and w ($0 \leq w < 2^{30}$), indicating a constraint that $a_u \oplus a_v = w$.

Output

Output a line containing a single integer, indicating the minimum sum of all the elements in the sequence or -1 if the sequence meets all the constraints does not exist.

Examples

standard input	standard output
3 2 1 2 1 2 3 1	1
3 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 1 3 1	-1

Note

In the first sample case, the sequence $[a_1, a_2, a_3] = [0, 1, 0]$ meets all the constraints and has the minimum sum of all the elements.